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| National and whole school events | Harvest MassInternational week  | Nativity playsReindeer Run for Saint John’s Hospice | Fit4Life day | Judaism/Islam Week |  | Sports day  |
| Theme | All About Me | How have toys changed?  | How does the weather affect our lives?  | Fairy tales | Let’s investigate the UK! | How does our garden grow? |
| Subject Area | Autumn 1st Half | Autumn 2nd Half | Spring 1st half | Spring 2nd Half | Summer 1st Half | Summer 2nd Half |
| English  | Familiar settings: family storiesLabels, lists and captions: Getting and giving information | Stories with predictable phrasing – Hairy MclaryWrite simple sentences using patterned language, words and phrases taken from familiar storiesRecount vet visitWrite simple first person recounts based on personal experience, using adverbs of time to aid sequencingVocabulary buildingRead, write and perform free verseInformation texts about animals | Stories with repeating patterns: African setting.Structure – rhyming coupletsRecite familiar poems by heart – weather poetryVocabulary building1 weekRead, write and perform free verse | Traditional Tales - Fairy talesExplore traditional tales | Instructions and explanations Following a practical experience, write up the instructions for a simple recipe – making sandwichesDraw pictures to illustrate a simple process and prepare several sentences to support the explanationLetters and postcards: letters in different contexts.  | Report A simple non- chronological report with a series of sentences to describe aspects of the subject; distinguish between a description of a single member of a group and the group in general – Traditional poemsInformation texts: plants and growing |
| Quality TextsTake one book | Dogger The Tiger who came to teaPeace at LastBilly’s Bucket | Where the Wild Things AreHairy McLairy My cat likes to hide in boxes | Weather poetryWe’re going on a lion hunt | Gingerbread ManGolilocks and the three bearsLittle red riding hood | Mr Grinling’s LunchThe snail and the whale | Non-fiction books on plantsJack and the beanstalk |
| Mathematics | Number: Place Value Count to ten, forwards and backwards, beginning with 0 or 1, or from any given number. Count, read and write numbers to 10 in numerals and words. Given a number, identify one more or one less. Identify and represent numbers using objects and pictorial representations including the number line, and use the language of: equal to, more than, less than (fewer), most, leastNumber: Addition and Subtraction Represent and use number bonds and related subtraction facts within 10 Read, write and interpret mathematical statements involving addition (+), subtraction (-) and equals (=) signs. | Number: Addition and Subtraction Add and subtract one digit numbers to 10, including zero. Solve one step problems that involve addition and subtraction, using concrete objects and pictorial representations and missing number problems.Geometry: Shape Recognise and name common 2-D shapes, including: (for example, rectangles (including squares), circles and triangles) Recognise and name common 3-D shapes, including: (for example, cuboids (including cubes), pyramids and spheres.)Number: Place Value Count to twenty, forwards and backwards, beginning with 0 or 1, from any given number. Count, read and write numbers to 20 in numerals and words. Given a number, identify one more or one less. Identify and represent numbers using objects and pictorial representations including the number line, and use the language of: equal to, more than, less than (fewer), most, least.  | Number: Addition and Subtraction Represent and use number bonds and related subtraction facts within 20 Read, write and interpret mathematical statements involving addition (+), subtraction (-) and equals (=) signs. Add and subtract one-digit and two-digit numbers to 20, including zero. Solve one step problems that involve addition and subtraction, using concrete objects and pictorial representations, and missing number problems such as 7= ꙱ – 9Place Value Count to 50 forwards and backwards, beginning with 0 or 1, or from any number. Count, read and write numbers to 50 in numerals. | Place Value Given a number, identify one more or one less. Identify and represent numbers using objects and pictorial representations including the number line, and use the language of: equal to, more than, less than (fewer), most, least. Count in multiples of twos, fives and tens.Measurement: Length and Height Measure and begin to record lengths and heights. Compare, describe and solve practical problems for: lengths and heights (for example, long/short, longer/shorter, tall/short, double/half)Measurement: Weight and Volume Measure and begin to record mass/weight, capacity and volume. Compare, describe and solve practical problems for mass/weight: [for example, heavy/light, heavier than, lighter than]; capacity and volume [for example, full/empty, more than, less than, half, half full, quarter]  | Number: Multiplication and Division Count in multiples of twos, fives and tens. Solve one step problems involving multiplication and division, by calculating the answer using concrete objects, pictorial representations and arrays with the support of the teacher. Number: Fractions Recognise, find and name a half as one of two equal parts of an object, shape or quantity. Recognise, find and name a quarter as one of four equal parts of an object, shape or quantity. Compare, describe and solve practical problems for: lengths and heights (for example, long/short, longer/shorter, tall/short, double/half) Compare, describe and solve practical problems for: mass/weight [for example, heavy/light, heavier than, lighter than]; capacity and volume [for example, full/empty, more than, less than, half, half full, quarter]Geometry: position and direction Describe position, direction and movement, including whole, half, quarter and three quarter turns | Number: Place Value Count to and across 100, forwards and backwards, beginning with 0 or 1, or from any given number. Count, read and write numbers to 100 in numerals. Given a number, identify one more and one less. Identify and represent numbers using objects and pictorial representations including the number line, and use the language of: equal to, more than, less than, most, least. Measurement: Money Recognise and know the value of different denominations of coins and notes.Measurement: Time Sequence events in chronological order using language [for example, before and after, next, first, today, yesterday, tomorrow, morning, afternoon and evening. Recognise and use language relating to dates, including days of the week, weeks, months and years. Tell the time to the hour and half past the hour and draw the hands on a clock face to show these times. Compare, describe and solve practical problems for time [for example, quicker, slower, earlier, later] Measure and begin to record time (hours, minutes, seconds) |
| Science | **Animals including ourselves** Talk about what they see and do. Say what they think will happen.Begin to compare some living things. Make observations using the appropriate senses. Record observations. Making simple comparisons and groupings.  | **Seasonal changes/weather**Use first hand experiences to answer questions. Test ideas suggested to them.  | **Everyday Materials**Say what has happened.Say whether what has happened was what they expected. Test ideas suggested to them.  | **Everyday Materials**Say what has happened.Say whether what has happened was what they expected. Test ideas suggested to them.  | **Plants**Enquiries Included: Use simple charts to communicate findings.Test ideas suggested to them. Communicate observations orally, in drawing, labelling, simple writing and using ICT.  |
| Geography | **What is the geography of our school?**Investigate their surroundings.Make observations about where things are e.g. within school or local area.Learn names of some places within/around the UK. E.g. Home town, cities, countries e.g. Wales and France.Follow directions (up, down, left/right, forward/backwards – maths link.Use a simple map to move around the school; recognise that it is about a place.  |  | **How does the weather affect our lives?**Teacher led enquiries, to ask and respond to simple closed questions.Use information books/pictures as sources of information.  |  | **Does all of the UK look the same - Our County** Name the four countries of the UK, capital cities and surrounding seas. Begin to know the differences between town and country locations. Use a range of maps (world, country, street maps, aerial views and plans) to locate places and landmarks. Begin to know simple features of the countries of the UK. Use aerial photographs to recognise basic human and physical features. Produce a journey line. Describe human and physical features of the capital city London. Use internet mapping programmes to observe aerial views. Compare the capital cities London and Brasilia. Use world maps and globes to begin to locate some continents and countries. |  |
| History |  | **How are my toys different from the toys from the past?**Recognise the difference between past and present in their own and others lives.Find answers to simple questions about the past from sources of information e.g. artefacts. |  | **What makes a Queen famous?**To know and recount episodes from stories about the past. Use stories to encourage children to distinguish between fact and fiction.Compare adults talking about the past – how reliable are their memories? |  | **How has transport changed? Wright brothers**Sequence 3 or 4 artefacts from distinctly different periods of time.Match objects to people of different ages. |
| Art | **Portraits** |  | **Joan Miro** |  | **Fabricate** |  |
| D&T |  | **Moving pictures**Make their design using appropriate teachniques.With help measure, mark out, cut and shape a range of materials.Use tools e.g. scissors and a hole punch safely. Assemble, join and combine materials and components together using a variety of temporary methods e.g. glue or masking tape. Evaluate their product by discussing how well it works in relation to the purpose. |  | **Homes**Draw on their own experience to help generate ideas.Suggest ideas and explain what they are going to do. Make their ideas in card and paper. Evaluate their products as they are developed, identifying strengths and possible changes they might make. |   | **Eat more fruit and vegetables** Select and use appropriate fruit and vegetables, processes and tools.Use basic food handling, hygienic practices and personal hygiene. Use simple finishing techniques to improve the appearance of their product. Evaluate their product by asking questions about what they have made and how they have gone about it. |
| RE | God’s Great Plan | Mary Our Mother | Our Church Family | Following Jesus | The Resurrection  | Miracles  |
| PE | Baseline  | Games To explore the skill of throwing overarmTo develop the skill of running fastTo develop the skill of throwing overarm for distanceTo develop the skill of throwing overarm for accuracyTo understand and apply simple tactics in a gameTo work cooperatively in a small group | GymnasticsTo develop the basic skills of travellingTo develop the basic skills of rollingTo develop the basic skills of jumpingTo perform basic skills with straight and tuck shapesTo link basic movements togetherTo apply the skills of travelling, rolling and jumping with two different shapesTo link basic movements together to create a sequenceTo adapt the sequence to perform on apparatus | GamesTo explore the skill of catching a ballTo develop travelling skillsTo catch a ball with two handsTo develop the skill of bouncing a ball with controlTo revise the skill of catching a ball and bouncing a ballTo bounce a ball while travelling in a game.To explore the skill of running fast | DanceTo convey a character linking two movement ideas.To convey a contrasting character, linking movement ideas.Work with a partner to convey contrasting characters.Children can link travels and gestures in role as a character.Link travelling actions with stillnessChildren can link different sequences in order to tell a story and complete a performance. | AthleticsTo develop the skill of running fastTo explore different ways of throwingTo throw underarm accuratelyTo throw overarm for distanceTo throw overarm with accuracyTo explore jumping for distanceTo explore a push throwTo complete an obstacle courseTo complete run, jump and throw challenges |
| Computing | **Computer skills**Show an awareness of the range of devices and tools they encounter in everyday life.  | **Painting** Use a range of simple tools in a paint package/image manipulation software to create/modify a picture.As a class or individually with support, children use a simple pictogram or painting program to develop simple graphical awareness/one to one correspondence.  | **Online Safety and research**As a class exercise children explore information from a variety of sources (electronic, paper based, observations of the world around them, etc)They show an awareness of different forms of information.  | **Programming toys**Control simple everyday devices to make them produce different outcomes. Make simple choices to control a simple simulation program.  | **Programming with Scratch** Make simple choices to control a simple simulation program. | **Word processing** Work with others and with support to contribute to a digital class resource which includes text, graphic and sound.  |
| MusicCharanga | Hey You | Rhythm In The Way We Walk and The Banana Rap | In the Groove | Round and Round | Your Imagination | Reflect, Rewind & Replay |
| PSHE/RSELife To the Full | Religious UnderstandingChildren can express that: • We are created individually by God • God wants us to talk to Him often through the day and treat Him as our best friend • God has created us, His children, to know, love and serve Him in this life and forever – this is our purpose and goal and will bring us true happiness • We are created as a unity of body, mind and spirit: who we are matters and what we do matters • We can give thanks to God in different waysMe, My Body, My HealthChildren can explain: • That we are unique, with individual gifts, talents and skills • That our bodies are good • The names of the parts of our bodies • That girls and boys have been created by God to be both similar and different and together make up the richness of the human family • Our bodies are good and we need to look after them • What constitutes a healthy lifestyle, including physical activity, dental health and healthy eating • The importance of sleep, rest and recreation for our health • How to maintain personal hygieneEmotional Well-beingChildren can explain: • That it is natural for us to relate to and trust one another • That we all have different ‘tastes’ (likes and dislikes), but also similar needs (to be loved and respected, to be safe etc) • A language to describe our feelings • In a simple way that feelings and actions are two different things, and that our good actions can ‘form’ our feelings and our character • Simple strategies for managing feelings and for good behaviour • That choices have consequences; that when we make mistakes we are called to receive forgiveness and to forgive others when they do • That Jesus died on the cross so that we would be forgivenLife CyclesChildren can describe: • That there are natural life stages from birth to death, and what these are – typically naming baby, child, teenager, adult, old age adult | Religious UnderstandingChildren can describe that: • We are part of God’s family • Saying sorry is important and can mend friendships • Jesus cared for others and had expectations of them and how they should act • We should love other people in the same way God loves usPersonal RelationshipsChildren are able to describe: • ‘Special people’ (their parents, carers, friends, parish priest) and what makes them special • The importance of nuclear and wider family • The importance of being close to and trusting special people and telling them if something is troubling them • How their behaviour affects other people, and that there is appropriate and inappropriate behaviour • The characteristics of positive and negative relationships • Different types of teasing and that all bullying is wrong and unacceptable • When they have been unkind and say sorry • When people are being unkind to them and others and how to respond • When we are unkind to others, we hurt God also and should say sorry to him as well • That we should forgive like Jesus forgivesKeeping SafeChildren can explain: • Some safe and unsafe situations, including online • The difference between ‘good’ and ‘bad’ secrets and that they can and should be open with ‘special people’ they trust if anything troubles them • How to resist pressure when feeling unsafe • That they are entitled to bodily privacy • That there are different people we can trust for help, especially those closest to us who care for us, including our parents or carers, teachers and our parish priest• That our bodies are created by God, so we should take care of them and be careful about what we consume • That they should call 999 in an emergency and ask for ambulance, police and/or fire brigade • That if they require medical help but it is not an emergency, basic first aid should be used instead of calling 999 • Some basic principles of First Aid | Religious UnderstandingChildren can explain: • That God is love: Father, Son and Holy Spirit • That being made in His image means being called to be loved and to love others • What a community is, and that God calls us to live in community with one another • A scripture illustrating the importance of living in community as a consequence of this • Jesus’ teaching on who is my neighbourLiving in the Wider WorldChildren can explain: • That they belong to various communities such as home, school, parish, the wider local community, nation and global community • That they should help at home with practical tasks such as keeping their room tidy, helping in the kitchen etc • That we have a duty of care for others and for the world we live in (charity work, recycling etc.) • What harms and what improves the world in which we live in simple terms |
| Online SafetyProject Evolve | Self-image and identityOnline relationships | Online reputationOnline bullying | Managing information onlineHealth, wellbeing and lifestyle  |